

①

A2 Review QuestionsP.20 Momentum & Energy

① D

②

Before

$$\begin{array}{c} m \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} m \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} 4m \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\sum p = 0$$

After

$$\begin{array}{c} m \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} m \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} 4m \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 4m \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$$\sum p = 0.$$

$$\text{so } V_m \times m = V_{4m} \times 4m.$$

$$V_m = 4V_{4m}.$$

so velocity of m is $4 \times$ velocity of $4m$, and opposite direction.

Kinetic energy came from elastic energy stored in coiled spring.

③ Elastic collision: Kinetic energy is conserved.

Inelastic collision: Kinetic energy is not conserved and transferred to heat, light and sound.

④

Before

$$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c} 7 \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array}$$

After.

$$\begin{array}{c} 21 \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} 7 \\ \square \\ 0 \end{array} \rightarrow V_y = 3.5 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$\text{a) } \sum p = 21V_x + (7 \times 0)$$

$$\sum p = 21V_x = (21+7)V_y$$

$$21V_x = 28 \times 3.5$$

$$V_x = \frac{98}{21} = \underline{4.67 \text{ ms}^{-1}} \times 4.7 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$\text{b) } E_{Kd} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$= 0.5 \times 21 \times 4.7^2$$

$$= 231.945$$

$$E_{Ka} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

$$= 0.5 \times (21+7) \times 3.5^2$$

$$= 171.5$$

$$\Delta E_K = 231.945 - 171.5 = 60.445$$

$$\% \text{ loss} = \frac{\Delta E_K}{\text{Total}} \times 100 = \frac{60.445}{231.945} \times 100 = \underline{26.1\%}$$



⑤

Before

$$\begin{array}{c} 75 \text{ kg} \\ \square \\ 65 \text{ kg} \end{array} \rightarrow 5.8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

After

$$\begin{array}{c} 75 \text{ kg} \\ \square \\ 65 \text{ kg} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} 3.8 \text{ ms}^{-1} \\ \square \\ V_m \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \square \\ \square \\ V_w \end{array}$$

$$\text{a) } \sum p_b = (75+65)5.8$$

$$= 812 \text{ kg ms}^{-1}$$

$$\sum p_a = (75 \times 3.8) + 65V_w$$

$$= 285 + 65V_w.$$

$$\sum p_b = \sum p_a \Rightarrow \frac{812 - 285}{65} = V_w = \underline{8.1 \text{ ms}^{-1}}$$

$$\text{b) } E_{Kd} = \frac{1}{2}mv^2 = 0.5 \times 140 \times 5.8^2$$

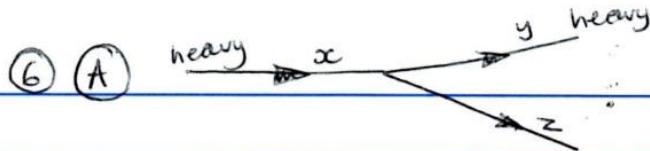
$$= 2354.8 \text{ J}$$

$$E_{Ka} = \frac{1}{2}mV_m^2 + \frac{1}{2}M_wV_w^2$$

$$= (0.5 \times 75 \times 3.8)^2 + (0.5 \times$$

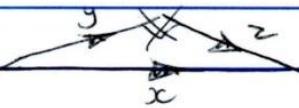
$$\Delta E_K = 2673.825 - 2354.8 = \underline{319.0 \text{ J (increased)}}$$

$$= \frac{65 \times 8.1^2}{2673.825}$$



$$\text{Elastic so } \frac{1}{2} m_x v_x^2 = \frac{1}{2} m_y v_y^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_z v_z^2$$

mass DOESN'T cancel out $\therefore v_x^2 \neq v_y^2 + v_z^2$
so NOT a \perp triangle i.e.



7) ~~QUESTION BASED ON CONSERVATION OF ENERGY~~

$$E_{k,b} = \frac{1}{2} m_\alpha V_\alpha^2 \quad \text{OR} \quad E_{k,b} = \frac{P^2}{2m}$$

~~molar~~

$$= \frac{(10 \times 10^{-20})^2}{2 \times 6.65 \times 10^{-27}}$$

$$= 7.519 \times 10^{-13} \text{ J}$$

$$E_{k,a} = E_{k,\alpha} + E_{k,\text{He}}$$

$$= \frac{P_\alpha^2}{2m_\alpha} + \frac{P_{\text{He}}^2}{2m_{\text{He}}}$$

$$= \frac{(8.18 \times 10^{-20})^2}{2 \times 6.65 \times 10^{-27}} + \frac{(5.72 \times 10^{-20})^2}{2 \times 6.65 \times 10^{-27}}$$

$$= 5.03 \times 10^{-13} + 1.040 \times 10^{-13}$$

$$= 6.073 \times 10^{-13} \text{ J} \quad [\because E_k \text{ not conserved} \therefore \text{not elastic.}]$$

~~TOP~~

Mass of ~~alpha~~ = mass of He.

$$\text{If elastic } U_{\alpha}^2 = V_{\alpha}^2 + V_{\text{He}}^2$$

$$(1.5 \times 10^7)^2 = (1.23 \times 10^7)^2 + (0.86 \times 10^7)^2$$

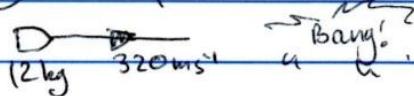
$$2.25 \times 10^{14} = 1.513 \times 10^{14} + 7.396 \times 10^{13}$$

$$2.25 \times 10^{14} \approx 2.25 \times 10^{14}$$

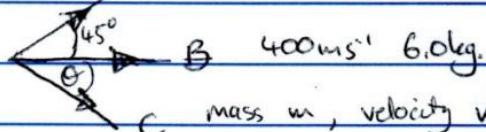
↙ correct! and

E_{k,b} Does equal E_{k,a} : Elastic took 5mins.

8) before.



After. 450 ms^{-1} (A) 2.0 kg

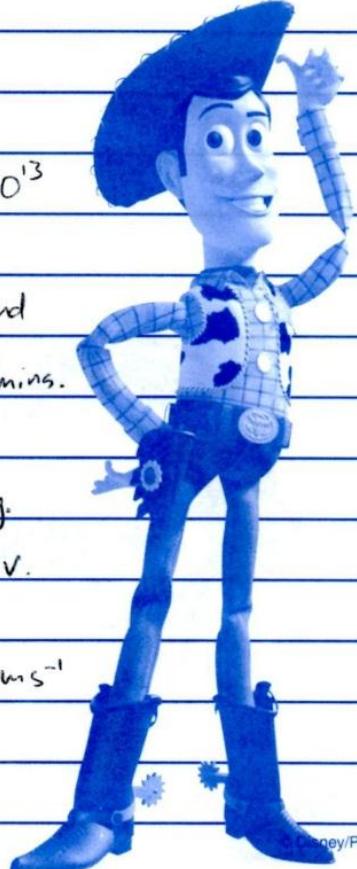


$$a) P_{\text{shell}} = 12 \times 320 = 3840 \text{ kgms}^{-1}$$

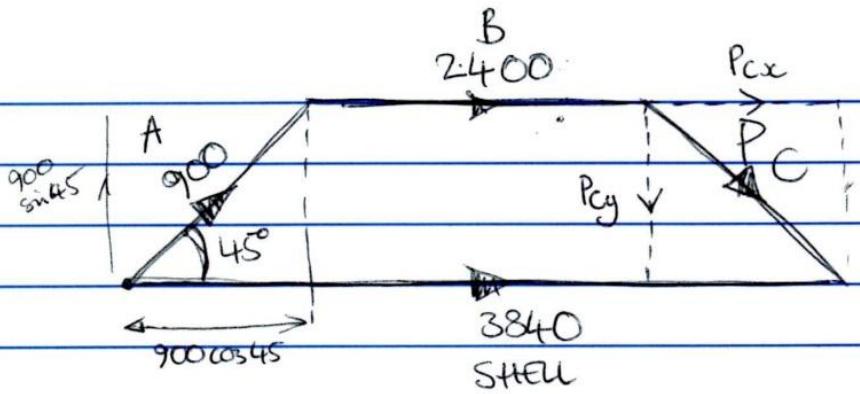
$$P_A = 2 \times 450 = 900 \text{ kgms}^{-1} \quad P_B = 400 \times 6 = 2400 \text{ kgms}^{-1}$$

b)

(2)

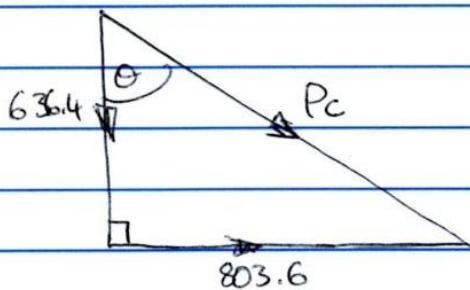


b)



$$P_{Cx} = 3840 - 2400 - 900 \cos 45 = 803.6 \text{ kgms}^{-1}$$

$$P_{Cy} = 900 \sin 45 = 636.40 \text{ kgms}^{-1}$$



$$\begin{aligned} P_C^2 &= 636.4^2 + 803.6^2 \\ P_C &= \sqrt{636.4^2 + 803.6^2} \\ &= 1025.07 \text{ kgms}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Mass of } C = 12 - 6 - 2 = 4 \text{ kg}, \therefore v_c = \frac{P_c}{m_c} = \frac{1025.07}{4} = 256.3 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \tan \theta &= \frac{803.6}{636.4} \\ \theta &= \tan^{-1} \frac{803.6}{636.4} \\ &= \underline{\underline{51.6^\circ \text{ below horizontal}}} \end{aligned}$$

$$90 - 51.6 = \underline{\underline{38.4^\circ \text{ below horizontal}}}$$

